APRIL. 1783. THE NUMB. 2758.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1783.

As the Subscriber proposes leaving this City shortly for Europe,

He will expose to public SALE,

At his House, in Front-street, at the Corner of Taylor's Alley, on THURSDAY, the first of May next,

A GENERAL and elegant Assortment of Gold, Silver and Jewellery, worked in the newest and best Fashions. a great Number of Tools belonging to every Branch of his Business, several elegant Glass-Cases, together with all his House and Kitchen Furniture. WILLIAM PINCHON.

THE Contributors to the *Pennsylvania* Hospital are desired to meet at said Hospital, on *Monday*, the 5th Day of the next Month *(May)* between the Hours of Three and Five in the Afternoon, in order to elect TWELVE MANAGERS AND A TREASURER for the Year thence ensuing, according to Law. *April* 9, 1783.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of DIRECTORS and TREASURER, of the Library Company of Philadelphia, for the Year ensuing, will be held at the Library Apartment, in Carpenter's-Hall, on MONDAY, the 5th Day of May next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

The Treasurer will attend to receive the yearly Payments, and the Shares of those Members in Arrear will certainly be forfeited, agreeable to the Laws of said Company.

By the Board of Directors,

April 9, 1783. JOSEPH FAWCETT, Secretary.

Will be wanted the 1st of *May* next,

At CLONMELL,

About Twenty good DITCHERS,

To whom a generous Price will be given by the Day or Rod. Enquire of the Subscriber, living in Gloucester County, New-Jersey. ¶ MARMADUKE COOPER

N. B. Is wanted immediately as an OVERSEER, A MAN that has a Wife; the Man must understand ditching and improving Meadow, the Wife to understand managing a Family in the Country; to whom good Wages will be given. Enquire as above.

Chester April 14, 1783.

BY virtue of Writs of Venditioni Exponas, from under the hands and seals of the Commissioners of the county of Chester, and to me directed, will be sold the third day of May next, at twelve o'clock, on the premises, All that MESSUAGE, PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, on which Robert Fenny now lives, containing about 200 acres, be the same more or less, situate in New-London township; late the property of said Fenny, but seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

In Pursuance and by Order of the Orphans Court of the City and County of Philadelphia, will be exposed to Sale by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, in Germantown, on the Ninth Day of May next, at 2 o'Clock,

A LOT, HOUSE and TAN-YARD, situate on the North-Easterly Side of the Main Street, in Germantown, adjoining land formerly of Benjamin Shoemaker and Thomas Rose, and near the Market House; the house is two stories high, four rooms on the lower floor, with a good kitchen, a good garden, a large stone bark and mill house, a stone currying shop, fronting the street, 23 vats, handlers and limes, a pump near the kitchen door, and a stream of water running through the yard, that waters a small piece of meadow behind the bark house, now in possession of------Moor, Esq; the Lot contains near one acre, subject to a ground rent of Nine Pounds and Six-pence per annum, to Samuel Ashmead, Esq.

Likewise near four acres of good land, on the north-west side of a lane, leading from the Main Street to Vanderen's Mill, a few poles above the school house, there is about 30 apples trees on this lot, it is a high healthy spot, suitable for a gentleman's country seat. For further information and conditions of sale, apply to. WILLIAM PUSEY, Administrator.

Philadelphia, April 4, 1783. ¶

PROCLAMATION.

BY Virtue of a Precept to me directed, under the hands and seals of the honorable Thomas M'Kean, Esquire, Doctor of Laws, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Goal Delivery, for the State of Pennsylvania; the honorable William Augustus Atlee, Esq; Second Justice; the honorable John Evans, Esq; Third Justice, and the honorable George Bryan, Esq; Fourth Justice of the same Courts; I hereby give NOTICE, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, will be held at New-Town, for the county of Bucks, on the twenty-eighth day of April instant, when and where all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Escheators are directed to attend in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions and examinations, and other their remembrances, to do those things which to their offices belong in that behalf to be done; and all those who will prosecute against the said prisoners, are also directed to attend to prosecute against the said prisoners, as it shall be just. Dated at New-Town, the 15th day of April, 1783, and in the seventh year of American Independence.

† SAMUEL DEANE, Sheriff of Bucks county.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

Philadelphia, April 10, 1783.

BY virtue of Writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Public SALE, at the Coffee House, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 12 o'clock, the following FIVE LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. Situate on the Wissahiccon road, bounded by lands of William Standley and others, containing 5 acres, more or less.

No. 2. Situate as aforesaid, bounded by lands of Frederick Tauber and Thomas Renshaw, containing 7 acres, be the same more or less.

No. 3. Situate as aforesaid, bounded by lands of Tench Francis, Francis Harris and others, containing 31 acres and 47 perches.

No. 4. Situate as aforesaid, bounded by lot No. 3. containing 16 acres and 16 perches.

No. 5. A small HOUSE and Blacksmith's SHOP on the Wissahiccon road, with a small HOUSE and FISHERY on the river Schuylkill, bounded by said river and the Wissahiccon road aforesaid, containing 13 acres and 100 perches, more or less; late the estate of Peter Turner, deceased, taken in execution by

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

Two Lots of Land, situate at the Four Lane Ends, in Middletown Township, Bucks County, viz.

A LOT, of about three acres and a half of land, on the road leading from the Four Lane-Ends to Bristol, on which is a good stone house, with two rooms on a floor, cellar under, kitchen adjoining, some out-houses, a good well of water near the door, and about 40 bearing apple-trees of the best grafted fruit, also cherry-trees, quince-trees, &c. the situation is suitable for any public business.

Likewise twenty-three acres and a half of land, about 60 roods from the former; one half woodland, the other meadow ground. The whole will be sold together or separate, as may suit the purchaser. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living in Falls township, near the Meeting-house.

GEORGE MERRICK.

N. B. If the above lots are not disposed of before the 3d of Fifth Month, they will on that day be sold by public vendue, on the premises. ¶

To be SOLD at VENDUE,

In the town of Dover, Kent county, on Delaware, the second WEDNESDAY in May next, being the 14th day of the month,

THREE valuable PLANTATIONS, lying 17 miles below Dover, in Mispillion hundred; one of the places has long been known as an excellent stand for store or tavern, as nine county roads meet at the dwelling house; they are capable of much improvement, and now rent for 112 l. per annum, and with some small improvement more will rent for double that sum; each of these places have good meadow ground; they are good for any kind of grain, with about 400 apple-trees; and are situated in a rich and thick inhabited country, two miles from 4 places of worship, merchant-mills, and public landings. The terms will be made known on the day of sale by the subscriber.

¶ ARCHIBALD M'SPARRAN.

Philadelphia, April 12, 1783.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM GALVERT late of Mountholly, deceased, by bond, bill or book debt, are requested to make immediate payment, as the money is much wanted; and those that have any demands against the said estate (that have not exhibited their accounts) are desired to send them to the subscribers, that they may be enabled to give satisfaction in the most speedy and equitable manner.

The Executors have agreed to attend at the late dwelling-house of the deceased on the 8th of May next, to meet the creditors.

¶ MARTHA CALVERT, Executrix,

April 8, 1783. URIAH WOOLMAN, Executor.

THE Trustees of the public Grammar School, in the borough of Wilmington, are earnestly requested to attend their half yearly meeting, in the said borough, on Tuesday, the 6th of May next; when business of the utmost importance to the said institution will come before them.

ALL those who have any demands against the subscriber, living in Potts-Town, Philadelphia county, are hereby desired to furnish their accounts in order for settlement; and those who are indebted to him by bond, note, book debt, or otherwise, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, to prevent further trouble.

TO BE SOLD,

The HOUSES and LOTS, with the IMPROVEMENTS, clear of all incumbrance, on which the subscriber now lives, consisting of seven front Lots on the main street, and seven back Lots adjoining, each lot containing 60 by 300 feet deep, all under good fence; There are erected on the premises, a good two story stone house, two rooms on a floor, and a cellar under, with a log building annexed, 38 by 18 feet, part of which has been occupied for a store near 20 years past, and is compleatly finished for that purpose, and is an exceeding good stand for business. a pump, with excellent water, at the kitchen door, the house newly shingled, double barracks with stables under them, a good garden fenced in, with a small meadow lot, well manured, adjoining; there are also erected on another lot contiguous, a stone house, 24 by 33 feet, part of which is occupied for a dwelling, the remainder for a store-house, with a good frame stable, and garden. Immediate possession, and an indisputable title will be given, by ¶ JOHN BERN.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN about a month ago, a Silver WATCH, maker's name Richard Oyingham, London, No. 16202. Any person to whom it may be offered for sale is requested to stop it, and they shall be entitled to a reward of SIX DOLLARS for the Watch, and if the thief is secured, TWO DOLLARS more, by applying to the Printers. Philad. April 8 1783.

York county, April 2, 1783.

By Virtue of sundry Writs to me directed, will be SOLD at public Vendue, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of this instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court-House, in York-Town,

TWO valuable PLANTATIONS and TRACTS of LAND, adjoining each other, situate on Codorus creek, in Codorus and Manheim townships, in the county aforesaid, about 15 miles from York-Town and 5 miles from M'Callister's Town, adjoining lands of Henry Danner, George Miller, Andrew Miller, Daniel Hamon, Christopher Snyder and Jacob Eversoll, containing together about 400 acres, whereon are erected a saw-mill and other good improvements, about 30 acres of excellant meadow are ready made, and a much greater quantity may be made; the premises are well suited for a stock farm; Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds must be paid in Hand, and the residue at the rate of One Hundred Pounds per annum, for which good security must be given; seized and taken in execution as the estate of John Meyer, and to be sold by

¶ HENRY MILLER, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the Coffee-House in this City, on the Twenty-third day of this instant, at six o'clock in the evening,

A PIECE of Ground, partly Meadow and partly Upland, situate on Kendall's Lane, about a mile and a half from this city, containing 8 acres and 90¼ perches, bounded by lands of Jacob Bankson, Reynold Keen and others. An indisputable title will be given. For further particulars, apply to *Jonathan Shoemaker*, in Second-street, *Job Bacon*, or *John Lowns*, in Third-street, which last will shew the premises to any person desirous to view them. ¶ *April* 9, 1783.

THE LAST CRISIS. No. XIII.

"THE times that tried men's souls" * are over,---and the greatest and compleatest revolution the world ever knew, is gloriously and happily accomplished.

But to pass from the extremes of danger to safety----from the tumult of war to the tranquility of peace, though sweet in contemplation, requires a gradual composure of the senses to receive it. Even calmness has the power of stunning when it opens too instantly upon us. The long and raging hurricane that should cease in a moment, would leave us in a state rather of wonder than enjoyment; and some moments of recollection must pass, before we could be capable of tasting the full felicity of repose. There are but few instances in which the mind is fitted for sudden transitions: it takes in its pleasures by reflection and comparison, and those must have time to act, before the relish for new scenes is compleat.

In the present case,----the mighty magnitude of the object---- the various uncertainties of fate it has undergone, the numerous and complicated dangers we have suffered or escaped, the eminence we now stand on, and the vast prospect before us, must all conspire to impress us with contemplation.

To see it in our power to make a world happy----To teach mankind the art of being so----To exhibit on the theatre of the universe a character hitherto unknown, and to have, as it were, a new creation entrusted to our hands, are honours that command reflection, and can neither be too highly estimated, nor too gratefully received.

In this pause, then, of recollection, while the storm is ceasing, and the long agitated mind vibrating to a rest, let us look back on the scenes we have passed, and learn from experience what is yet to be done.

Never, I say, had a country so many openings to happiness as this. Her setting out into life, like the rising of a fair morning, was unclouded and promising. Her cause was good. Her principles just and liberal. Her temper serene and firm. Her conduct regulated by the nicest steps of order, and every thing about her wore the mark of honour.

It is not every country (perhaps there is not another in the world) that can boast so fair an origin. Even the first settlement of America corresponds with the character of the revolution. Rome, once the proud mistress of the Universe, was originally a band of Ruffians. Plunder and rapine made her rich, and her oppression of millions made her great. But America needs never be ashamed to tell her birth, nor relate the stages by which she rose to empire.

The remembrance, then, of what is past, if it operates rightly, must inspire her with the most laudable of all ambition, that of adding to the fair fame she began with. The world has seen her great in adversity. Struggling, without a thought of yielding, beneath accumulated difficulties. Bravely, nay proudly encountering distress, and rising in resolution as the storm increased. All this is justly due to her, for her fortitude has merited the character,---Let, then, the world see that she can bear prosperity; and that her honest virtue in time of peace, is equal to the bravest virtue in time of war.

She is now descending to the scenes of quiet and domestic life. Not beneath the cypress shade of disappointment, but to enjoy in her own land, and under her own vine, the sweets of her labours and the reward of her toils.----In this situation, may she never forget, that a fair national reputation is of as much importance as independence. That it possesses a charm which wins upon the world and makes even enemies civil. That it gives a dignity which is often superior to power, and commands a reverence where pomp and splendor fail.

It would be a circumstance ever to be lamented and never to be forgotten, were a single blot, from any cause whatever, suffered to fall on a revolution, which to the end of time must be an honor to the age that accomplished it; and which has contributed more to enlighten the world, and diffuse a spirit of freedom and liberality among mankind, than any human event (if this may be called one) that ever preceded it.

It is not among the least of the calamities of a long continued war, that it unhinges the mind from those nice sensations which at other times appear so amiable. The continual spectacle of woe blunts the finer feelings, and the necessity of bearing with the sight renders it familiar. In like manner, are many of the moral obligations of society weakened, till the custom of acting by necessity, becomes an apology, where it is truly a crime.---Yet let but a nation conceive rightly of its character, and it will be chastely just in protecting it. None ever began with a fairer than America, and none can be under a greater obligation to preserve it.

The debt which America has contracted, compared with the cause she has gained, and the advantages to flow from it, ought scarcely to be mentioned. She has it in her choice to do, and to live as happily as she pleases. The world is in her hands. She has now no foreign power to monopolize her commerce, perplex her legislation, or controul her prosperity. The struggle is over, which must one day have happened, and, perhaps, never could have happened at a better time. † And instead of a domineering

* "*These are the times that try men's souls.*" Crisis, No. I. published December 19th, 1776.

† *That the Revolution began at the exact period of time best fitted to the purpose, is sufficiently proved by the event.---But the great hinge on which the whole machine turned is the Union of the States; and this union was naturally produced by the inability of any one State to support itself against a foreign enemy without the assistance of the rest.*

Had the States severally been less able than they were when the war began, their united strength would not have been equal to the undertaking, and they must, in all human probability, have failed.---and on the other hand, had they severally been more able, they might not have seen, or, what is more, might not have felt, the necessity of uniting; and either by attempting to stand alone, or in small confederacies, would have been separately conquered.

Now as we cannot see a time (and many years must pass away before it can arrive) when the strength of any one State, or of several united, can be equal to the whole of the present United States, and as we have seen the extreme difficulty of collectively prosecuting the war to a successful issue, and preserving our national importance in the world, therefore, from the experience we have had and the knowledge we have gained, we must unless we make a waste of wisdom be strongly impressed with the advantage, as well as the necessity, of strengthening that happy union which has been our salvation, and without which we should have been a ruined people.

While I was writing this note, I cast my eye on the pamphlet Common Sense, *from which I shall make an extract, as it applies exactly to the case. It is as follows---*

† *I have never met with a man, either in England or America,*

master, she has gained an ally, whose exemplary greatness, and and universal liberality, have extorted a confession even from her enemies.

With the blessings of peace, independence, and an universal commerce, the States, individually and collectively, will have leisure and opportunity to regulate and establish their domestic concerns, and to put it beyond the power of calumny to throw the least reflection on their honor. Character is much easier kept than recovered, and that man, if any such there be, who, from any sinister views, or littleness of soul, lends unseen his hand to injure it, contrives a wound it will never be in his power to heal.

As we have established an inheritance for posterity, let that inheritance descend with every mark of an honorable conveyance. The little it will cost, compared with the worth of the States, the greatness of the object, and the value of national character, will be a profitable exchange.

But that which must more forcibly strike a thoughtful, penetrating mind, and which includes and renders easy all inferior concerns, is the *Union of the States*. On this our great national character depends. It is this which must give us importance abroad and security at home. It is through this only that we are, or can be nationally known in the world. It is the flag of the *United States* which renders our ships and commerce safe on the seas, or in a foreign port. Our Mediterranean passes must be obtained under the same stile. All our treaties, whether of alliance, peace, or commerce, are formed under the sovereignty of the United States, and Europe knows us by no other name or title.

The division of the empire into States is for our own convenience, but abroad this distinction ceases. The affairs of each State are local. They can go no farther than to itself. And were the whole worth of even the richest of them expended in revenue, it would not be sufficient to support sovereignty against a foreign attack. In short, we have no other national sovereignty than as United States. It would even be fatal for us if we had---too expensive to be maintained, and impossible to be supported. Individuals, or individual States may call themselves what they please; but the world, and especially the world of enemies, is not to be held in awe by the whistling of a name. Sovereignty must have power to protect all the parts that compose and constitute it? And as *United States* we are equal to the importance of the title, but otherwise we are not. Our union, well and wisely regulated and cemented, is the cheapest way of being great, the easiest way of being powerful, and the happiest invention in government which the circumstances of America can admit of. Because it collects from each State that which by being inadequate, can be of no use to it, and forms an aggregate that serves for all.

The States of Holland are an unfortunate instance of the effects of individual sovereignty. Their disjointed condition exposes them to numerous intrigues, losses, calamities, and enemies; and the almost impossibility of bringing their measures to a decision, and that decision into execution, is to them and would be to us a source of endless misfortune.

It is with confederate States as with individuals in society. Something must be yielded up to make the whole secure. In this view of things we gain by what we give, and draw an annual interest greater than the capital. I ever feel myself hurt when I hear the union, that great palladium of our liberty and safety, the least irreverently spoken of. It is the most sacred thing in the constitution of America, and that which every man should be the most proud and tender of. Our citizenship in the United States is our national character. Our citizenship in any particular State is only our local distinction. By the latter we are known at home, by the former to the world. Our great title is, AMERICANS; our inferior one varies with the place.

So far as my endeavours could go, they have all been directed to conciliate the affections, unite the interests, and draw and keep the mind of the country together; and the better to assist in this foundation work of the revolution, I have avoided all places of profit or office, either in the State I live in, or in the United States; kept myself at a distance from all parties and party connections, and even disregarded all private and inferior concerns: and when we take into view the great work we have gone through, and feel, as we ought to feel, the just importance of it, we shall then see, that the little wranglings and indecent contentions of personal party, are as dishonorable to our characters, as they are injurious to our repose.

It was the cause of America that made me an author. The force with which it struck my mind, and the dangerous condition the country appeared to me in, by courting an impossible and unnatural reconciliation with those who were determined to reduce her, instead of striking out into the only line that could cement and save her, A DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, made it impossible for me, feeling as I did, to be silent: and if, in the course of more than seven years, I have rendered her any service, I have likewise added something to the reputation of literature, by freely and disinterestedly employing it in the great cause of mankind, and shewing there may be genius without prostitution.

Independence always appeared to me practicable and probable, provided the sentiments of the country could be formed and held to the object. And there is no instance in the world, where a people so extended, and wedded to former habits of thinking, and under such a variety of circumstances, were so instantly and effectually pervaded, by a turn in politics, as in the case of independence, and who supported their opinion, undiminished, thro' such a succession of good and ill fortune, till they crowned it with success.

But as the scenes of war are closed, and every man preparing for home and happier times, I therefore take my leave of the subject. I have most sincerely followed it from beginning to end, and thro' all its turns and windings: And whatever country I may hereafter be in, I shall always feel an honest pride at the part I have taken and acted, and a gratitude to Nature and Providence for puting it in my power to be of some use to mankind.

Philad. April 19, 1783. COMMON SENSE.

who hath not confessed his opinion that a separation between the two countries would take place one time or other: And there is no instance in which we have shewn less judgment, than in endeavouring to describe, what we call, the ripeness or fitness of the Continent for independence.

"*As all men all w the measure, and differ only in their opinion of the time, let us, in order to remove mistakes, take a general survey of things, and endeavour, if possible, to find out the* very time.----*But we need not go far, the enquiry ceases at once, for* the time hath found us. *The general concurrence, the glorious union, of all things prove the fact.*

"*It is not in numbers, but in a union, that our great strength lies. The Continent is just arrived at that pitch of strength, in which no single colony is able to support itself, and the whole, when united, can accomplish the matter; and either more or less than this, might be fatal in its effects.*" Pamphlet Common Sense.

B O S T O N, *April* 10.

Ordinance of the King's Council of State, which fixes the time of payment of bills of exchange from the Indies and America, which have not yet been registered, relative to the expence of the marine during the war, the 23d of February, 1783.

Extract of the registers of the Council of State.

THE King, willing to take all certain measures for the payment of the marine debts occasioned by the war. It has been represented to him that the happy event of peace, in re-establishing the liberties of the seas, will necessarily give place in a very short time to a more considerable burthen for the payment of bills of exchange from the Indies and America, than has been even in the course of the war. That, independent of this first consideration, there must be extraordinary provision for the expences of disarming the fleets immediately on their arrival in the ports of France, and discharging the seamen; also the payment of bills of exchange from the Indies and the Colonies, which have already been in register, and infinity of other expences and engagements concerning the same marine service, which must be acquitted before the end of the present year. That in this position it was indispensible to take such arrangements in regard to the bills of exchange from the Indies and America, not inregestered, and of those which shall in future be drawn from those countries, on account of the services of the years of the war, which in assuring the lot of those who are the proprietors or bearers, as may insure in the time of peace the payment of the other expences of State already incurred, with the same punctuality which has been observed during the whole of the war; to accomplish which, having heard the report of the Sieur Jolly de Fleury, Counsellor of State in Ordinary, and of the Royal Council of Finances, his Majesty being in his Council, has ordered, and orders as follows:

Art. 1. All the bills of exchange from the Indies and America, concerning the service of the marine and the colonies, not already inregistered, of those which shall in future be drawn from those countries for the payment of the expences of the war, as well those which shall be upon the Treasurer-General, as upon the Commissary for provisions of the navy, shall be presented to the Treasurer-General, to be by him registered, payable at the term of one year longer than is expressed in the said bills, and this to be counted to the day of presenting.

Art. 2. As it is not the intention of his Majesty, that this year's delay shall prejudice the proprietors, or bearers of the said bills of exchange, accounts shall be kept of one year's interest at five per cent. and the Treasurer-General will make mention to this effect in the inregistering, which shall determine the term fixed for payment of the capital.

Art. 3. The Treasurer-General will give into the Minister of Finances, the last day of every week, a particular detail, and by him certified, of the Bills of Exchange which shall have been presented to him.

Done in the King's Council of State, his Majesty being present, held at Versailles the 23*d day of February,* 1783.

(Signed) L'CROIX CASTRIES.

S A L E M, *April* 3.

A prize ship, which arrived here on Tuesday last, sailed from England about the 11th of February, and was captured in the West-Indies, on the 12th ult. by the privateer ship Grand Turk, Capt. Joseph Pratt, of this port. The prize is loaded with provisions, is near 400 tons burthen, and though, when taken, she mounted 22 nine pounders, and carried 70 men, she struck without firing a gun.

FISH-KILL, *April* 17.

By a gentleman who was present when the declaration of peace was read in New-York, we are informed, that the vile miscreants of TORIES were so exasperated that they trampled *their most gracious* King's Proclamation under their feet, with the utmost scorn and contempt;---and, they handled those who attempted to *huzza* upon the occasion with great roughness. Finding themselves thus duped by a government on whom they reposed the highest confidence, they are become desperate even to madness---The just reward of their demerits!----

N E W - Y O R K, *April* 16.

At a meeting of a number of the most respectable inhabitants of New-Haven, it was unanimously agreed upon to send instructions to their Representatives in General Assembly, to promote the bringing in a bill to prevent the return of any inhabitant belonging to that State, who had left it and joined the enemy.

Yesterday the successful privateer Fair American returned to the Hook, and brought with her the brig Rose, James Chambers, master, from Nantz, with a cargoe of dry goods, for Baltimore; also a sloop with rum, from Rhode-Island, bound to the Chesapeake; but, cui bono? the fair dame's objects. Master Chambers and Co. were taken subsequent to the operation of the provisional article; ergal? they must be rendered.

Last Monday evening arrived his Majesty's ship Santa Margaretta, Captain Salter, from the West-Indies, by whom we have the following particulars.

K I N G S T O N *(Jamaica) March* 1.

Captain Service informs, that about 15 days ago, a French 64 gun ship and a frigate, fell in with three English 74 gun ships that were cruizing to windward, by which the latter, named the Iphigene, was taken, but the former escaped and got into St. Eustatius.

March 5. The ship Holderness, entirely loaded with masts, bowsprits, oak planks and timber, for the Marquis de Vaudreuil's squadron, was taken by his Majesty's ship Jupiter, Captain Paisley, and conducted safe into Antigua; this most valuable prize is estimated at no less a sum than 50,000l. sterling, and is now unloading at English Harbour.

S A V A N N A H *(Georgia) March* 6.

Yesterday the Governor was pleased to suspend the Chief Justice, upon the application of the Grand Jury, for refusing to receive the presentments prepared by that body, and offered to the Court by their foreman.

C H A R L E S T O W N *(South-Carolina) March* 25.

Saturday evening as Colonel Stuart, of the Maryland line, was on his way to Colonel Washington's, who had that evening given an entertainment to the officers of the army, near Sandy-hill, his horse fell, and the Colonel pitching on his head in a ditch, dislocated his neck. He lived till Sunday morning about 7 o'clock, and then died. His remains were yesterday interred with every military honor, in the burial ground of the old Church. This gentleman, whose untimely death is much to be lamented, had served with great reputation during the war, and was much beloved by the army.

March 29. It is with great concern the printer informs the public of the melancholy circumstance respecting the death of Simon Berwick, Esq; a member of the Senate. On his way home on Wednesday last, from his attendance on public business, he was stopped by two ruffians at the cross roads at the Cyprus, about 36 miles from town. They demanded his purse, and he making a shew of resistance, by attempting to draw a pistol, they instantly shot him dead. His servant escaped back to town.

Monday morning died John Ward, Esq; formerly a merchant of unblemished character in this town.

March 31. This morning arrived in town Captain Brice, of the schooner Eliza, from the Havannah, which place she left the 19th of March. His vessel was chased on shore off Bull's island by a privateer, and set on fire. Her cargoe consisted of 200 boxes of sugar, and some rum. A few days before this vessel sailed, the Governor of Cuba had embarked from the Havannah, to take the command of the Spanish army at Cape Francois, supposed to be destined for Jamaica.

R I C H M O N D, (Virginia) April 12.

By an express arrived in this city from Kentucky, which he left the 20th ult. we have accounts, that 3 potent nations of Indians, on the Warbach river, had commenced hostilities against that country, and have done considerable mischief since Christmas: but it is hoped the news of peace will occasion an entire reconciliation.

The express also informs that a party of Indians, supposed to be Shawanese, surprised Hamblin's fort, on Clinch, a few days ago. The men were from home, and before they could arrive, the unfortunate women and children were made prisoners, and carried off.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, *April* 23.

Last Wednesday the Sheriff, accompanied by the Magistrates of this City, made Proclamation, at the Court-house, of the Cessation of Hostilities, amidst a vast concourse of People, who expressed their Satisfaction on the happy Occasion by repeated Shouts. At the same Time the State Flag was hoisted on Market-street Wharff, the Bells were rang, and a general Joy diffused itself throughout the City.

Accounts from New-York mention, that the last embarkation of refugees, consisting of near 5000 souls, sailed from thence on Thursday last for Nova-Scotia. That orders had been issued for reinstating those virtuous citizens who had left their property on the invasion of the British forces in 1776; and they were accordingly admitted into the British lines, for the purpose of settling their affairs with those persons who have held their estates in the course of the war.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated February 11.

"We most cordially congratulate you on the peace, and presume, that a considerable intercourse will now take place between America and Portugal, trade being happily freed from the arbitrary restrictions of England. We imagine that Congress will judge it expedient to form a commercial treaty with Portugal; in which case it is probable the negociators will have orders to insist that the sales of wheat, brought from America, should be free and open as formerly;---at present it is subject to a heavy duty, and can be sold no where but in the corn market, in which the sale is taken out of the proprietors hands; this duty was imposed in consequence of the war with America."

By letters from London, of the beginning of February, we learn, that it was reported that Lord Surrey was appointed our Ambassador from that Court to the United States, and that his Lordship would shortly embark for this city.

IN CONGRESS, *June* 14. 1777.

Resolved, That the Flag of the Thirteen United States, be Thirteen Stripes, alternate Red and White: That the Union be Thirteen Stars, White in a Blue Field, representing a new Constellation. CHARLES THOMSON, *Secretary*.

The Printers in the several States are requested to insert the above Resolution in their respective News-papers, in order that the same may be generally known.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS.

Your inserting the following in your paper will much oblige your obedient servant, I. H.

Carlisle, April 5, 1783.

ON Thursday, the 27th ult. the news of peace reached this place, and on Monday, the 31st, the ladies and gentlemen of Carlisle and its vicinity assembled upon the green in the commons, where an entertainment was prepared in the barbarue stile.

The hand bill, containing the news of a glorious revolution, an acquisition of territory and an honorable peace to America, together with the out-lines of the general peace, was read to a great number of the citizens, whose curiosity had led them thither---the demonstrations of joy were visible upon every countenance---their acclamations were echoed by the discharge of 13 cannon.

After the repast, the following toasts were given, accompanied with cannon in like manner.

1. The glorious revolution of America, and the sovereignty of her United States.

2. May the blessings of peace (the reward of our struggles) be extended to every citizen of America.

3. General Washington and the American army; may their virtue and perseverance be ever held in grateful remembrance by the freemen of America.

4. The memory of General Warren, and those heroes who have gloriously fallen in fighting the battles of their country.

5. May our soldiers again become citizens, and our citizens all be soldiers.

6. May the swords of America find a sacred repositе, and never be used again, but in the defence of the rights of an injured people.

7. The Congress; may wisdom distinguish their councils and energy their executions; and may the rights of the people be guardianed by wholesome laws and an equal justice.

8. Louis the sixteenth, with the navy and armies of France, and all our faithful allies.

9. Doctor Franklin, and our Ministers Plenipotentiary at the Courts of Europe.

10. The lovely fair ones of America; may the *graces* ever be their attendants and dispose them to give their hearts and their hands only to the friends of their country.

11. Governor Dickinson, and the State of Pennsylvania.

12. May the blessings of commerce smile upon America, and may a rapid population and a happy government soon give us a balance upon the scale of the most powerful European nations.

13. May learning, industry and an elegance of manners, give us a distinguished character as a nation; and may virtue and temperance accompany us through a long, useful and happy life.

The entertainment was conducted with regularity and good order, and concluded in the evening by an illumination of the town, and an elegant display of fireworks.

On Friday the 4th inst. an excellent discourse suitable to the occasion, was delivered by the Rev. Mr. William Linn, from Psalm 98: v. 1. O sing unto the Lord a new Song, for he hath done marvellous things; his right hand and his holy arm hath gotten him the victory.

Pittsgrove, April 18, 1783.

At a meeting of a great number of the respectable inhabitants of Pittsgrove and towns adjacent, in Salem county, State of New-Jersey, for the celebration of Peace, the day was introduced with raising a monument of great height, on which was displayed the ensign of peace, with the thirteen stripes; after which the militia were drawn up, and discharged a feu de joy of thirteen rounds, when the company partook of a chearful collation, and after agreeing that none should compel, the following toasts were drank:

1. The United States of America; may they be blessed with peace and plenty, virtue and unanimity, to the latest posterity.

2. The Congress; may wisdom and justice guide all their counsels.

3. General Washington, and the American Army; may they live to enjoy the blessings of peace, and their services meet a just reward from a grateful country.

4. The King of France, our good ally, with his fleets, armies and subjects; may they enjoy a just portion of that liberty and commerce they have helped us to defend.

5. The virtuous Militia of the United States; may they greatly enjoy that liberty they have supported with their swords and purses.

6. The United States of the Netherlands, our commercial friends and allies.

7. The King of Spain and his subjects, with all the friendly powers of Europe; may they more and more befriend the cause of liberty.

8. Our Ambassadors in Europe, with the duputies who met in Congress to settle the preliminaries of peace.

9. The King of Britain and his subjects; may they be prosperous in their return to justice.

10. The Count De Luzerne, Ambassador of France.

11. May husbandry and commerce flourish.

12. The Governor, Council, and Assembly of this State.

13. Peace with and to all the world, with a spirit of universal benevolence.

Between each toast the Militia gave a salute. After which there was an illumination and burning pile kindled up: and at 9 o'clock, the company returned to their homes in an orderly manner.

An ACT *for extending the provision made in the seventh section of the act, entituled* "An Act for the repeal of "so much of the laws of this Commonwealth as "make the Continental bills of credit, and the bills "emitted by the resolves or acts of Assemblies of the "said Commonwealth a legal tender, and for other "purposes therein mentioned."

WHEREAS the provision made by the act, entituled "*An Act for the repeal of so much of the laws of "this Commonwealth as make the Continental bills of cre-"dit, and the bills emitted by the resolves or acts of Assem-"blies of the said Commonwealth a legal tender,*" in behalf of those persons, who, from principles of honor and honesty, declined paying their debts with a depreciated paper currency, when they had it in their power by law so to have done, will cease on the twenty-first day of *June* next:

AND WHEREAS it was deemed reasonable, at the time of passing the aforesaid act, that such honest debtors should not be compelled to pay their old debts, till Gold and Silver money should become more plenty and easier to be procured: AND WHEREAS, from divers causes, it hath actually become more scarce and difficult to be procured than at the time of passing the aforesaid act, and in consequence thereof great numbers of honest debtors as aforesaid will be ruined, unless some further relief be provided for them:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the representatives of the freemen of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same*, That no execution shall issue for the principal sum due by any contract, or species of contract whatever, entered into before the first day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, debts due to the State only excepted, until one year from and after the twenty-first day of *June* next ensuing, and from thence until the end of the next sitting of Assembly, any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding

AND WHEREAS divers debtors, who had contracted debts, which by reason of losses and misfortunes in trade they were unable at the time to pay, have, before the said first day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, assigned and made over their real estates, or such parts thereof as their creditors were willing to accept, to trustees, in trust that the same should be sold within a reasonable time, to pay and satisfy such debts, which said trusts have not been executed: And whereas the scarcity of gold and silver hath caused the value of lands and tenements, in most parts of this State, to fall vastly below the real value of the same, and if compulsory sales were to be made of such lands and tenements, it is probable they would fall short of paying the debts which they were at first supposed a sufficient security for, to the injury and oppression of both creditor and debtor:

Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no sales shall be made by any such trustees of any lands or tenements, which were so as aforesaid assigned and made over to them, before the said twenty-first day of *June*, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, and from thence until the end of the next sitting of Assembly, without the consent in writing of the debtor or assignor, or his legal representatives, first had and obtained.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no act, or statute of limitation of actions, shall run, or be deemed or taken to have run, at any time between the first day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and the end of one year from and after the twenty-first day of *June* next, upon all debts and contracts made or entered into before the first day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever it shall appear that any debt or duty was contracted or incurred on or before the first day of *January*, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, and any bond, obligation, or other Security hath been entered into for the payment thereof since the said first day of *January*, the plaintiff who hath brought or shall bring any suit or suits on any such bond or obligation, executed in the manner aforesaid, may proceed to Judgment in such action, and may issue his execution for the interest, damages and costs, as aforesaid; but no execution shall issue for the principal debt or sum, until one year from and after the twenty-first day of *June* next, as aforesaid.

And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the aforesaid act, as is contrary to this act, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed and made void.

Signed, by Order of the House,
FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, *Speaker.*

Enacted into a law, at Philadelphia, *on* Wednesday, *the twelfth day of* March, *in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred eighty and three.*

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

WAR-OFFICE, APRIL 22, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, That such Prisoners of War as have been liberated and permitted to work with the Inhabitants of the United States, are immediately to join their respective Corps, conformably to the Stipulations entered into when they were enlarged.

B. LINCOLN.

[*The Printers in the several States are requested to insert this Notification in their Papers.*]

WANTED

To PURCHASE or HIRE in a small Family,

AN active white or black GIRL, about the Age of ten or twelve Years. Enquire of the Printers hereof. ‡

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, would be glad of a lower FRONT ROOM and LODGING for himself and a servant, somewhere between Arch and Walnut-streets. If they could board in the house, it would be most agreeable. A private family would be preferred to a professed lodging-house. The Author of this advertisement being born and well known in this City might perhaps be accommodated by families that would not admit a stranger. Could he find a situation every way agreeable, he would not dispute about terms. Enquire of the Printer. ¶

April 22, 1783.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST, last evening, about seven o'clock, on the Bristol road, between Major Holmes's tavern and Philadelphia, A SUM of MONEY, in DOLLARS, CROWNS, and small CHANGE, to the Amount of about NINETY POUNDS. It was tied up in a small CANVAS BAG, which was also enclosed in another BAG.

Whoever has found the same and will return it to Major Holmes, three miles above Frankfort; to the Widow Riffets's Tavern, the upper end of Second-street, or to David C. Claypoole, Printer, in Market-street, shall have the above reward. ¶

Just PUPLISHED, *and now* SELLING

AT BELL's BOOK-STORE,

In Third-street---For the Investigation of all FREEMEN.

[PRICE ONE THIRD OF A DOLLAR.]

AN ADDRESS TO THE FREEMEN OF THE STATE OF SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Containing Political Observations on the following Subjects, viz.

I. On the Citizens making a temporary Submission to the British Arms, after the Reduction of Charlestown in 1780.
II. On Governor Rutledge's Proclamation of the 27th of September, 1781.
III. On the Mode of conducting the Election for the Assembly at Jacksonborough.
IV. On the EXCLUSION ACT, which cuts off the Citizens from the Rights of Election.
V. On the Confiscation Act.
VI. On the Amercement Act.
VII. The Conclusion, with Remarks to prove the Necessity of an Amnesty, or Act of Oblivion.

BY CASSIUS.

Supposed to be written by ÆDANUS BURKE, Esquire, one of the Chief Justices of the State of South-Carolina.

Who with the gen'rous Rustics Sate,
On Uri's Rocks, in close Divan,
And wing'd that Arrow sure as Fate,
Which ascertain'd THE SACRED RIGHTS OF MAN.

N. B. At said BELL's Book-store may also be had.---(*Price One Dollar.*) Number Fourth of Moore's Elegant Travels, containing a View of Society and Manners in Italy; with Anecdotes relating to some eminent Characters. Number Fifth of said New Work, will be ready about 14 Days from this Date.

April 20th, 1783. ¶

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. Thomas M'Kean, Esq; Chief Justice, the Hon. William Augustus Atlee, Esq; second Justice, the Hon. John Evans, Esq; third Justice, and the Hon. George Bryan, Esq; fourth Justice of the Supreme Court, and of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, have issued their Precept, bearing date the eleventh day of April instant, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, at the Court-house, in the borough of Chester, for the county of Chester, on the fifth day of May next.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Justices of the Peace, the Coroner, Escheators and Constables within the said county, that they be then and there in their own proper persons, with their rolls, records, indictments, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done; also all those who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the goal of said county, are to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Chester, the 21st day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and in the seventh year of American Independence.

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

FOR SALE,

THE PLANTATION where the subscriber lately dwelt, situate on both sides of the river Schuylkill, 13 miles from this city, containing 205 acres, about 130 of which is woodland, well timbered; there are two good orchards, and a sufficient quantity of the best watered meadow, with an inexhaustible quarry of lime-stone, which, so long ago as the year 1773 lett, with the use of three kilns, for £90. per annum; also a valuable shad fishery: The dwelling-house is one of the largest and most commodious in the State, and the situation elegant, commanding a view of the river for near four miles, as well as a pleasing variety in the adjacent country: There are likewise on the premises a small delling-house, two spring-houses, barn, stables, coach-house, &c.

The farm, exclusive of the lime quarry, is now lett for £125 per annum; wood delivered at the lime kilns on this place is worth Twenty Shillings per cord, which renders the timber very valuable.

Any person inclined to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL MILES.

Dr. HILL's AMERICAN BALSAM,

SOLD in Philadelphia by Mr. William Poyntell, at his store, three doors below Market-street in Second-street, and directly opposite the Friends Meeting-house gate; also by Mr. George Reinhold, at his store, on the south side of Market-street, and next door to the Black-Bear; by Mr. Steiner, at the German Printing-Office, in Race-street; at Germantown, by Mr. Justis Fox, and by the subscriber, at Kingsess, near Gray's Ferry, on Schuylkill, and at present no where else. Price in specie *Seven Shillings and Six-pence* per bottle, and by the dozen, at the rate of *Seven Shillings* a bottle.

It is now many years since this balsam has been well known to be a most effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and asthmas; that it gives great relief in the gravel, rheumatism, consumption, cholic, jaundice and headach; that it is a most excellent cure in the hooping-cough, and in most of the sicknesses of children, and for many other diseases, as may be seen in the printed direction, in English and German, with each bottle; in old diseases, of long standing, it will be necessary to continue the use of this healing balsam, for a reasonable time, by more than one single bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thousands of people can testify, who have tried other things without success; but other diseases are often perfectly cured by the use of only one bottle, and often a few doses will perform the cure.

Each bottle is sealed up with the representation of a certain plant, in a heart; and if any balsam under this name should be sold at any other place, not named in my advertisement, the public may be assured it is not Dr. Hill's balsam, but counterfeit, because no other person in America is able to prepare the genuine balsam, for want of the principal ingredients of which Dr. Hill's American balsam is composed.

¶ WILLIAM YOUNG, Botanist.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

WHEREAS a certain James M'Donald, born in Ireland, late a soldier under my command, hath by forged orders obtained from Messrs. Jacob and James Foster, merchants of Mountholly, the sum of Six Pounds Ten Shillings, and hath in a fraudulent manner taken up Two Pounds Fifteen Shillings and Eight-pence of John Craig, merchant in Freehold, Monmouth county; likewise hath taken off a gold watch, the property of the subscriber (French make) with a single case, maker's name Lepaute, Paris, on the face, the number not remembered; the said M'Donald is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, well made, about 30 years of age, pitted with the small-pox, speaks much upon the Irish dialect, and dresses decent, but the particular colour of his clothes at present unknown; says he formerly belonged to the British army in Lord Rawdon's corps, has a wife at Freehold, Monmouth county. Whoever takes up and secures the said M'Donald in any goal in this State, so that he be brought to justice, shall have the above reward for man and watch, or FOUR DOLLARS for the watch only, paid by

DAVID ANDERSON, Captain.

By virtue of sundry Writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public SALE, at the Coffee-House, on SATURDAY the 3d day of May next, at 12 o'clock, the following HOUSES and LOTS, viz.

No. 1. A LOT of GROUND on the east side of Delaware Eighth-street, between Race and Arch-streets, in the city of Philadelpia, containing in breadth 15 feet, and in depth 49 feet and 6 inches, to a 5 foot alley leading into Shriever-street, with the privilege of said alley and street.

No. 2. A new Brick TENEMENT, two stories high, with a KITCHEN and Lot of GROUND, on the north side of said Shriever-street, containining in breadth 16 feet and 6 inches, and in depth 45 feet; This, and No. 1, are both subject to one yearly ground-rent of 2 and 2-9ths Pistoles.

No. 3. Two MESSUAGES or TENEMENTS (one of them a noted tavern, kown by the sign of Bacchus) with the Lot of GROUND thereto belonging, situate in Spring-Garden, in the Northern-Liberties, containing in front, on Garden-street, 36½ feet 6 inches, and in depth about 130 feet, bounded by Peg's-run, and land of Thomas Coats and others; subject to a ground-rent of 3l. 15s. per annum.

No. 4. Two contiguous Lots of GROUND, adjoining the above described Lot, No. 3, situate on Garden street, aforesaid; one of them containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 140 feet; the other containing in breadth 50 feet, and in depth 137 feet.

No. 5. A Lot of GROUND, with a Frame TENEMENT or Dwelling HOUSE thereon, containing in breadth, on Garden-street aforesaid, 80 feet, and in depth 140 feet.

No. 6. A Frame TENEMENT, BAKE-HOUSE, and Lot of GROUND, situate on the south side of Wood-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, in the Northern-Liberties aforesaid, containing in breadth 18 feet, and in depth 45 feet.

No. 7. Two undivided Fifth-parts, of and in three certain Lots of GROUND, situate in Spring-Garden aforesaid; one of them containing in breadth, on Garden-street aforesaid, 70 feet, and in depth 140 feet; on this are two Brick HOUSES: One other of them containing in breadth on Garden-street 108 feet, and in depth, on a 20 foot lane, 140 feet; on this lot is a Brick HOUSE and a Brick STABLE; and one other of them containing in breadth, on said Garden-street, 60 feet, and in depth 140 feet.

No. 8. Is one undivided FIFTH PART of the last above-mentioned Three LOTS of GROUND and PREMISES in Spring-Garden, which Peter Drais, and Mary, his wife, hold in right of said Mary.

No. 9. Is Daniel Drais's Brick MESSUAGE or Tenement, KITCHEN, back BUILDINGS and LOT of GROUND, situate on the east side of Delaware Third-street, between Race and Vine-streets, in said City, containing in breadth 30 feet, and in depth 195 feet; bounded by lands of Thomas Meyers and others; subject to a yearly ground-rent of 7l. 10s.

No. 10. A certain LOT or PIECE of GROUND, situate on the north side of Vine alley, commonly called Button-Wood-lane, extending from Fourth-street towards the Ridge road, in the Northern-liberties, containing in breadth, on said alley, 148 feet, and extending in depth 160 feet, bounded northward and westward by ground formerly of Edward Roberts, and southwardly by said alley or lane. Late the estate of Peter Drais and Daniel Drais; taken in execution by

Philad. April 19. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

Tinicum township, March 24, 1783.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphan's Court for the county of Bucks, will be sold by the subscriber, at public Vendue, on THURSDAY, the first day of May, at ten o'clock, on the premises, in Tinicum township, in the county aforesaid, A PLANTATION and Tract of LAND, containing 119 acres, more than the one half of which is cleared, some meadow may be made, as the two main branches of Tinicum creek runs on each side of the land, and unites below the barn; there are on the premises, a log dwelling-house, a barn and stables, a small bearing orchard of good fruit, and several springs of excellent water convenient to the dwelling-house; late the real estate of Andrew Emerick, deceased. The terms will be made known at the day of sale, by

JACOB BEIDLEMAN, Administrator.

Goshen township, Chester county, April 12, 1783.

On the 3d day of May next, will be exposed to public SALE, By Order of the Orphans Court,

A MESSUAGE, PLANTATION, or Tract of LAND, situate and lying in the township of Goshen, and county of Chester, bounded by lands of Joseph Rea, James Budden, George Smith, and other lands of the subscriber, about one mile from the Boot Tavern, and a mile and a half from the White Horse, containing 90 acres, 25 acres whereof is well timbered land, 6 acres of meadow, and more may be made. There is thereon a square log dwelling-house, with two fire places, a log barn and stable, a good orchard, and a never failing spring of good water near the house; late the property of William Garratt, deceased, and to be sold by

¶ MARY GARRATT, Administratrix.

Chester county, April 21, 1783.

WAS found hitched to a fence near the house of Mr. Caleb Taylor, in Thornbury township, Chester county, about 3 o'clock in the morning of the 18th instant, four Horse Creatures, three of which were brought off, the other was a horse of mine that was stolen out of my stable, in the borough of Chester, the night of the 5th instant, which gives grounds for suspecting the others were stolen also. two of which are in my care, both bay mares, one 15 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, about half blooded, low in flesh; the other a bright bay, 14 hands and an half high, appears to be full blooded, 5 or 6 years old, low in flesh. The owner or owners are requested to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be sold to defray their expences in five weeks from this date.

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1783.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons which may have any demands upon any one of the Employers belonging to the Administration of the French Army, That they are to apply, with proper Titles, at the Intendant of the said Army's Office, in Water-street, three Doors from the Corner of Chesnut-street, every Day before the First Day of May next, as no regard will be paid to any further Application after that Day. ¶

THE Subscriber takes this Method thankfully to acknowledge the past favours of his friends, to inform them that he has again opened a BOARDING SCHOOL at the house he formerly resided in, and to assure them that the utmost attention will be given, as well to the Morals, as instruction of the Youth entrusted to the care of

Their very respectful Friend, &c.

Burlington, April 9. 1783. THOMAS POWELL.

Buffaloe Township, April 5, 1783.

ON the 15th of November last was left with the subscriber, living in Buffaloe township, Northumberland county, by a man, who called himself Christopher Wilson, a HORSE and a MARE; the horse black, 13 hands and an half high, a natural trotter, with a blaze in his face, two white feet and about 4 years old. The mare a brown, 12 hands high, 13 or 14 years old, shod before, and a natural pacer. They are supposed to have been stolen; therefore the owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be sold for the expences. ¶ JACOB METZGER.

To be SOLD by Private SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in the township of Goshen, and county of Chester, 18 miles from Wilmington and 28 from Philadelphia, and adjoining that noted place known by the name of the Turks Head, containing any number of acres between or from 60 to 100, as may best suit the purchaser; there are on said place a good stone house, two stories high, almost new, and log barn, cellared under, smith's shop, &c. and a good spring of water near the door, with a stone house over it, a sufficient quantity of good meadow, a good bearing orchard of 150 apple trees, with a number of other fruit trees of various kinds. The whole in good repair; the title indisputable, and terms of payment will be made as easy as possible, by

April 7, 1783. † SAMUEL HOOPES.

TO BE LETT,

And entered on immediately,

A WELL finished two story house, with three rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the whole, with kitchen adjoining, also a stable, chair-house and hay-house, with a well of good water near the door, a small peach and apple orchard, and a good garden, a grass lot and pasture lot, situate in Pittsgrove Township, Salem County, West New-Jersey, and in a healthy part of the country, where a store is much wanted. For terms, enquire of the subscriber, near the premises.

¶ JOHN RAMBO.

TO BE LETT,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in West Nottingham Hundred, Cecil county, Maryland, containing about 125 acres; there are on the premises, a large two story stone dwelling-house, and a large frame ditto adjoining, containing four rooms and a spacious entry on each floor, with cellars under the whole, a large stone kitchen, store-house, and smoak-house, a barn, stables, and other out-houses; the situation is pleasant and remarkably healthy, in a good neighbourhood, and is a fine stand for trade; a well acoustomed store having been kept there for near thirty years past, being but one mile from the brick-meeting house, where six roads meet. For terms apply to John Lewden, at Christiana bridge, Timothy Kirk, Esq; near the premises, or the subscriber † JOSEPH MIFFLIN.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living adjoining the Lower Ferry, Two COWS, the one a dark red cow, with a star in her forehead, the other is a black cow, with a white face and belly; also a small iron grey MARE COLT. The owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away. ¶ THOMAS GRESWOLD.

Charlestown, South-Carolina, March 19, 1783.

ALL Officers and others, who belonged to the Ship SOUTH CAROLINA, formerly under my direction, (but when captured was commanded by Captain JOHN JOYNER, esq;) are requested to send their accounts and certificates against the said Ship, to their agents or attornies here, before the 15th day of August next; this State having resolved to adjust all those accounts, and to grant certificates bearing annual interest of seven per cent. which are to be received in payment of any public property purchased in this State. A. GILLON.

Kent county, Maryland, April 8, 1783.

NEGROE ARCH

RUN AWAY last Wednesday from the subscriber; he is about six feet high, and marked with the small-pox; he is a little knock-kneed, and is cunning and deceitful; he had on when he went away, a brown cloth jacket worn thread bare, and two pair of breeches, one of them the same of his jacket, the other white kersey, very much patched, his hat was old and patched with a squirrel's skin, an old tow linen shirt, white yarn stockings, and a pair of old shoes; it is probable he may try to get over to the Jerseys. Whoever will take and secure him in any goal, so that the owner may get him again, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD, and all reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

STRAYED or STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Christiana hundred, Newcastle county, on the plantation formerly Peter Baker's, on the 7th of April, a dark brown HORSE, about 14½ hands high, 7 years old, has a star in his forehead, two hind feet, white and the hair wore off his side; likewise a dark bay MARE, 14 hands high, 8 years old, has a star and snip, black mane and tail, and the hair is rubbed off her withers with the saddle. The mare was shod before, and the horse all round, both natural trotters. Whoever secures said creatures so that the owner may have them, shall have Twelve Dollars Reward, or Six for either of them, and reasonable charges, paid by

PHILIP MILLER, or
¶ GIDEON GILPIN.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, in the night of the 8th inst. a likely BAY MARE, between five and six years old, about 15 hands high, has a small star in her forehead, and one of her hind feet white, has had the fistula, lately cured, on the off shoulder, and the other appears somewhat swelled. She has been lame in her off fore foot, and has a broad shoe and piece of leather nailed on to save the frog of her foot, which is very tender. Whoever secures the thief, so that he may be prosecuted to conviction, shall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and for the mare *Fifty Shillings*, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ PERSIFOR FRAZER.

Thornbury, Chester county, April 10, 1783.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN last night out of the subscriber's stable, living in Richland township, Bucks county, A chesnut sorrel MARE, about 14 hands and an half high, six years old this spring, a natural trotter, low carriage, neither brand nor ear mark, nor any natural marks that can be remembered, shod all round when taken away. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, and secures them, so that the owner gets his property and the thief brought to justice, shall be entitled to the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for the mare only.

8th of 4th Month, 1783. † ABEL ROBERTS.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, in the night of the fifth instant, TWO HORSES, one black, seven years old, about fifteen hands high, shod round, paces, racks and canters well. The other an iron grey, seven years old, fourteen and an half hands high, shod round, trots and canters well, and when strictly observed his off hind pastern joint somewhat larger than the other. Whoever apprehends and secures the thief or thieves, so that they may be prosecuted to conviction, shall be intitled to receive Fifteen Pounds; and for the horses, Fifty Shillings each, with reasonable charges, paid by

Chester, April 6, 1783. JOHN GARDNER.

WANTED,

A MAN that understands a Grist or Merchant Mill, and making of Flour Barrels, that can be well recommended, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to HUGH RAMSEY, in Warwick Township, Bucks County. ¶

Philadelphia County,

PURSUANT to an ACT of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entituled "An Act for the regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," passed at Philadelphia, March 20th, 1780, and a further Supplement to the act, entituled "An Act for the regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and to repeal the act, entituled "A Supplement to the act for the regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," passed at Philadelphia, March 21st, 1783, Public Notice is hereby given, that agreeable to the said law, and the Supplement to the aforesaid law, the Lieutenant of the county of Philadelphia, hereby notifies the male white inhabitants of said county, between the ages of eighteen and fifty-three years, to meet at the respective places hereinafter mentioned, on the several days and times fixed, and then and there, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and six in the afternoon, elect by ballot, two field officers, viz. one Lieutenant-Colonel and one Major for each district or battalion, viz.

The inhabitants of the townships of Limerick, Douglass, Marlborough, New-Hanover, Upper-Hanover, and Frederick, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of the Widow Snyder, in New-Hanover township, on the 17th instant.

The inhabitants of the townships of Upper-Salford, Lower-Salford, Franconia, Towamensing, Hatfield, Perkiomen and Skippack, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of Andrew Campbell, in Lower-Salford township, on the 18th instant.

The inhabitants of the townships of Plymouth, Whitpain, Norrington, Worcester, New-Providence, and Whitemarsh (the district composing Captain M'Clean's company excepted) to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of the Widow Thomson, in Norrington township, on the 21st instant.

The inhabitants of the townships of the upper division of the manor of Moreland, Horsham, Upper-Dublin, Gwinedth, and Montgomery, and that part of Whitemarsh composing Captain M'Clean's company, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house late the Widow Weaver's, in Montgomery township, on the 22d instant.

The inhabitants of the township of Germantown, Roxborough, Bristol and Springfield, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of John Hesser, in Germantown township, on the 23d instant.

The inhabitants of the townships of Cheltenham, Abington, the lower division of the manor of Moreland, Lower-Dublin, Byberry, and Oxford, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of William Roberts, in Lower-Dublin township, on the 24th instant.

The inhabitants of the townships of Upper-Merion, Lower-Merion, Blockley and Kingsessing, to form one battalion, and hold their election at the house of Abraham Streeper, in Lower-Merion township, on the 25th instant.

The inhabitants of the different townships that compose the troop of Light Horse, are to take notice to meet on the 25th instant, at Major Wright's tavern, in Upper-Dublin, to choose their officers.

The different companies belonging to each battalion will observe to hold their elections to choose by ballot, one Captain, one Lieutenant, and one Ensign, on the second muster day, which will be the 28th instant; previous to holding the election, two freeholders to be chosen to preside as judges, who are directed to make a return of the officers elected to the commanding officer of the battalion.

After the elections as aforesaid, the lieutenant colonels are hereby notified to meet at the house of John Wentz, in Norrington, on the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to cast lots for rank of battalion. GIVEN under my hand this seventh April, 1783. WILLIAM COATS, Lieutenant P. C.

N. B. Extracts from the supplement of the militia law of the 21st of March last, viz.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall be capable of electing officers, or to be elected, who has not taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance, according to law, to this or some one of the United States, any thing in the act to which this is a further supplement to the contrary notwithstanding; young men who have arrived to the age of eighteen years, since the time limited by law for taking the oath or affirmation of allegiance as aforesaid, and all such who have mustered or performed a tour of militia duty, excepted.

The following days are appointed as days of exercise in the county of Philadelphia, viz. in companies the two last Mondays in the month of April, and in battalion in the following manner, viz. The first battalion shall meet in battalion, on the first Monday in the month of May, the second battalion on the Tuesday following, the third battalion on the Wednesday, and so on according to the days of the week (Saturday and Sunday excepted) until the whole number of battalions belonging to the said county shall have mustered in this manner; and in companies the first and second Monday in the month of October; and the first battalion in battalion on the next succeeding Monday; the second battalion on the Tuesday following, the third on the Wednesday; and in this manner until the whole number of battalions belonging to the said county according to their ranks severally shall have mustered on any day it may happen, except as before excepted. WILLIAM COATS, Lieutenant P. C.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, at 12 o'clock, on Wednesday, the 9th of April instant,

Thirty-five Acres of LAND,

ABOUT nine miles from Philadelphia, adjoining the Ridge road, and joined by Mr. Samuel Powel's land, Likewise three LOTS of GROUND, situated or joining Race-street, each 33 feet front, and 316 feet deep. ¶

FOR SALE,

A PHÆTON & POST CHARIOT.

These Carriages, each with Harness for a pair of Horses, are genteel, and little the worse for Wear, and will be sold cheap. Enquire of Mr. GEORGE WAY, in Arch-street, betwixt Fourth and Fifth-streets, Philadelphia. †

Bucks County, April 5, 1783.

PURSUANT to an Order of March Term last, on a Case of Attachment, wherein WILLIAM M'CALLA is Plaintiff, and AMOS WHITE is Defendant; WE do hereby Notify the Creditors of said White, that they produce their Accounts to us at the House of THOMAS ELLICOTT, on the second Day of May next, that a Dividend may be made according to Law.

JOSHUA ELY,
† NATHANIEL ELLICOTT, } Auditors.
JAMES PILLER,

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

AN elderly MAN, who can write a tolerable good Hand, and could be serviceable in any Store, Shop or Office, either in Town or country, or would be willing to teach a small School in the Country, or could be serviceable to market for a Gentleman's Family, and Assistant about the House. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printers.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED,

To the Clock and Watch-making Business;
Also, a few WATCH MATERIALS to be disposed of.
Enquire of the Printers. I

To be SOLD at public vendue, on the third day of May next, if not disposed of before at private sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Burlington county, New-Jersey, upon Rancocas creek, at New-long-bridge, and on the road leading from Philadelphia to Mountholly, 17 miles from the former, and two from the latter, containing 188 acres, one half of which is cleared and under good cedar fence, and the remainder woodland, about 15 acres of meadow, well banked, and as much more may be made with small expence. There are on the premises a good dwelling-house, 44 feet front, with a piazza 12 feet wide, and the whole length of the house, a kitchen, and a pump of good water before the door, a thriving orchard of excellent fruit, a barn and stables. There had been a distillery (lately burnt) erected there, the walls of which are still good, which was supplied with water by a large never-failing spring spontaneously running into the cooler. The cheapness of wood, water carriage to the door, fall of water, &c. render it a very convenient situation for a molasses distillery, on a large plan. Immediate possession will be given. There are likewise to be sold three iron stills, almost new, two of which hold 500 gallons each, and the other about 200, with pewter worms for each. Proposals to be received by Messrs. QUARRIER and HUNTER, coachmakers, in Philadelphia, or the subscriber, on the premises. GEORGE HUNTER.

N. B. The partnership of GARVEY and HUNTER having dissolved on the 22d instant, all those who have any demands against said partnership, are desired to bring in their accounts to said QUARRIER and HUNTER, on or before the 30th of April next. ¶ *March 28, 1783.*

WE, the subscribers, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks County, in the term of March last, to audit the accounts and adjust the demands of the creditors of JOSEPH TOMLINSON, jun. late of Wright's-Town, in the county of Bucks aforesaid, and to settle their shares or proportions of the said Tomlinson's estate, DO hereby give NOTICE, that, pursuant thereto, on the second day of May next, at the late dwelling of the said Joseph Tomlinson, jun. we will expose to Sale, by way of public vendue, Horses, cows, swine, beds and bedding, tables and chairs, iron pots and pot-racks, and-irons, an iron bound waggon, and sundry other implements of husbandry and household furniture; being attached and secured as the property and estate of the said Joseph Tomlinson, jun.

All persons who have any demands against the said estate, are notified to produce their accounts on the 12th day of May next to us, at John Thornton's, in New-Town, that they may be adjusted.

JOSEPH CHAPMAN,)
JOHN TERRY, jun.) Auditors.
March 27. † WILLIAM LINTON,)

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of about 400 acres of LAND, situate on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster, 6 miles from the latter, on which is a large merchant-mill compleatly finished, with two water wheels and three pair of stones, cloths, &c. suitable for merchant and country work; there is on said premises three good dwelling-houses, one of which has been occupied as a tavern, and known by the name of the Red Lyon (at Mill-creek) for many years; the land good, well watered and timbered, and will be sold together or in parcels, as best suits the purchasers. A clear and indisputable title will be made on payment of one third of the purchase money, and the remainder secured to be paid in payments, with or without interest, as we may agree. For terms of sale apply to ABRAHAM GIBBONS, near the premises, or the subscriber, in the borough of Chester.

Second Month, 19th, 1783. JAMES GIBBONS.

N.B. If the above premises are not sold by the first of Fifth Month, the mills will be rented. J. G.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Uwchland township, Chester county, State of Pennsylvania, on the 25th of this instant, a Negroe Wench, named DINAH, near 30 years of age, of a low stature, this country born; had on, when she went away, two brown linsey petticoats, one whereof new, an old cloth jacket and a striped linsey ditto, a brown linsey short gown, two shifts of tow linen, white yarn stockings, and good shoes, with carved metal buckles, and an old silk bonnet; she commonly wears silver bobs in her ears. Whoever secures said wench, so that her master may have her again, shall receive EIGHT DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

March 26, 1783. ¶ DAVID CARSON.

WHITE LEAD Manufactured,

AND TO BE SOLD BY

THE subscriber in Vine-street, between Second and Third-streets, nearly opposite the sign of his Excellency General Washington, allowed by the best judges in this city to be equal in quality to any imported from Europe: likewise White Lead, red and yellow Oaker ground in oil in jars and kegs, from a half dozen to 50 weight, boiled Oil, Paint Brushes, Lead Ashes, &c.

Also, A HOUSE and LOT situate on Chestnut-hill, 10 miles from Philadelphia, containing between 11 and 12 acres, the whole orchard and garden; upwards of 60 hogsheads of cyder has been made in a season; it is very suitable for a public house, store, or a gentleman's country seat; it is at present occupied as a tavern, and known by the sign of the Bonny Jockey, but last year the Green Tree: there is besides the large house a one story dwelling, a two story stone building, which may with a very small expence be converted into a dwelling, a large stone stable with a chair or carriage house and sheds; two wells of the best water, in the one a pump, a good cyder press and mill, and sundry other conveniencies; the whole in good fence. The purchaser paying about one-third of the money, may have a considerable time for the payment of the remainder.

January 2, JOHN BIDDIS.

N. B. Pig Lead will be taken for part or the whole. ¶

TO BE LET,

For the Summer season, or one Year, to a genteel Family,

A LARGE and convenient HOUSE, with six rooms, kitchen garden, stable, chair-house, &c. about four miles and a half from town, pleasantly situated in the Northern Liberties, in a lane leading from Nice-town, Germantown road, towards Schuylkill, late in the tenure of Doctor Bond, junior. Enquire of LEWIS TREICHEL, the upper end of Second-street, opposite the Barracks. ¶ N. B. To be entered upon at any time.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.